# Scope and sequence

Unit	Vocabulary	Grammar	CLIL	Value
Starter Unit Hello!	Jack, Lucy, Uncle Alex, hello, goodbye	What's your name? I'm (Jack).	-	We are friendly.
1 At School	pen, book, pencil, backpack, desk, chair, Uncle Alex, ruler, pencil case, crayon, picture, in, out; A crayon, please. OK. Thank you.	What is it? It's a (book). The (pen) is in/out of the backpack.	Math	We tun avigu our things.
2 Fun Colors	green, blue, yellow, white, black, red, purple, pink, brown, blue, orange, gray; Look! Good job! My favorite color is (blue).	What color is it? It's (blue).	Art	We take care.
Culture 1 Our Art Class	paint, glue, yarn, paper, colors, classroom object	у.		
Cool Toys!	ball, scotter, kite, doll, feady, bike, plane, train, boat, helicopter, wood, metal, plastic; It's your turn. Thanks!	It's a (red) (ball). It's a (green) (kite).	Science	We take turns.
y Count!	one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, equals, plus; Please help. OK.	How many (balls)? (Three.)	Math	We help others.

Unit	Vocabulary	Grammar	CLIL	Value
Culture 2 Our Playground	swings, slide, jungle gym, see-saw			with
<b>5</b> My Body	head, fingers, hands, arms, legs, feet, eyes, ears, mouth, nose, mask; I'm sorry. That's OK. Look! (Green) (eyes).	Touch your (head)! Shake your (arms)!	Art	we are active.
6 Animals	monkey, lion, zebra, snake, giraffe, hippo, tiger, kangaroo, bear, penguin, baby; Watch out!	This is a (lion). This is a (zelfro	Science	We are careful.
Culture 3 A Petting Zoo	duck, goat, sheep, pony	98,		
7 My Family	mom, grandpa, dad, sister brother, granome, dog, cat, hamster bird; How rre you? I'm fine, thank you.	Who's this? This is my (brother).	History	We respect others.
Feeling Good	cold, hot, sad, happy, tired, hungry, fast, slow, noisy, quiet, face; Thanks. You're welcome.	She's (happy). He's (sad).	Art	We are kind.

	Vocabulary	Grammar	CLIL	Value
Culture 4 My Family Barbecue	salad, burger, corn, juice			
Happy Easter	egg, flowers, bunny, basket			putic
lt's Christmas!	star, present, decoration, tree			O <sub>JI</sub> ,
For more inform	nation about planning yo Reso	our classes, go to th urces on:	e Shim on Dus T	Feacher's
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## Unit 1 At School

Lesson 1 pages 6–7 Classroom Presentation Tool

#### **Objectives**

To present and practice six new items of vocabulary. To review vocabulary from a previous unit.

#### Language and structures

Active: book, pencil, pen, backpack, desk, chair

**Passive:** *listen, point, say, stick, stickers, chant, find it, picture dictionary, classroom* 

**Extra:** whiteboard, marker, teacher, student

#### **Materials**

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio; Megabyte puppet; stickers section; colored pens

#### Warmer

 Play the Shine On! Plus Song from Starter Unit Lesson 1 page 2 10 01 for students to listen and join in as much as possible.

#### 1 Listen and point. Say. (1) 06

- Books closed. Introduce the new words using the Megabyte puppet and the flashcards. Use Megabyte to hold up or point to the flashcards and say the words for students to repeat (see *How to* ... section on using puppets, Teacher's Book page 33).
- Books open. Play the recording for students to listen and point to the items in the picture. Play the recording again for students to listen, point, and repeat the words.

#### **TEACHING TIP**

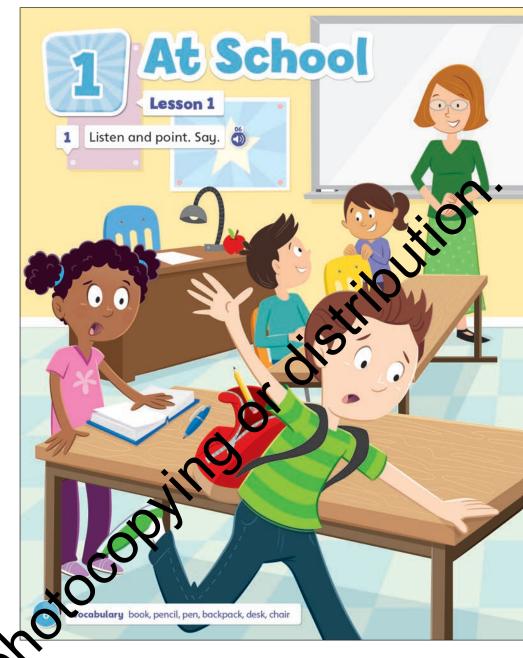
Use real items in the classroom to present the new words instead of the flashcards.

Transcript

book, parch per, backpack, desk, chair pencil, dex, pen, backpack, chair, book

A k students to turn to the stickers section in the Student Book. Hold up your book and point to each of the classroom object stickers in turn. Encourage students to say the words. Then say the words for students to point to the correct stickers.

• Students stick the stickers in the correct spaces on page 7. When they have finished, ask students to point to the stickers and say the words.



#### **Fast finishers**

Ask fast finishers to draw a picture of their classroom, and then tell the class what items there are in their picture.



#### Chant

3 Chant. 🛈 07

Student Books.

Play the chant for students to listen.

• Play the chant again, pointing to the

as they are mentioned. Encourage

students to do the same in their

flashcards or the real classroom items

pen, pen, pen book, book, book pencil, pencil, pencil backpack, backpack, backpack chair, chair, chair desk, desk, desk

#### Be a Mega Star: Close your book. How many words can you remember?

• If you have less confident students, divide the class into two teams. Ask students to look at the main picture on Student Book pages 6–7 for one minute, then close their books and raise their hands if they can remember one of the classroom objects. Draw the outline of the main picture on the board, and ask a volunteer from each team to come and draw one of the classroom objects in the correct

position. If they wish, they can label their drawing or you can write the word. Continue until you have all six items on the board. Ask students to look back at their books and compare the picture with what is on the board. You can award points for drawings of the correct classroom objects, with additional points for the correct position and labelling.

- More confident students can do this activity individually, drawing in the notebooks or on a piece of pa them compare their drawir partner and make correction
- Congratulate students they remembered developing the nories with help them to activities learn

### Find

- s tablet and ask students can see (Uncle Alex). Ask wh students to find Uncle Alex in the main icture. (He's on the poster to the right of the whiteboard.)
- Tell students to turn to page 88 of their Student Books and look at the Picture Dictionary section for Unit 1 and find Uncle Alex. Ask students to color Uncle Alex's clothes in the Picture Dictionary the same colors as they are on Lucy's tablet (white jacket, blue T-shirt).

### 21<sup>st</sup> CENTURY SKILLS:

#### Information literacy

Students learn how to recognize information in different settings and situations.

#### Finisher

• Play Find the flashcards. See Ideas Bank (Teacher's Book page 152) for instructions

#### EXTRA VOCABULARY

computer eraser garbage can pencil sharpener poster scissors whiteboard

#### **Further practice**

**Vocabulary and Grammar Worksheet** Unit 1 Lesson 1 in Teacher's Resources on **Oxford English Hub** Workbook page 4

### Lesson 2 pages 8–9

**Classroom Presentation Tool** 

#### **Objectives**

To present a new grammar structure. To practice the new grammar structure with the Lesson 1 vocabulary. To sing a song using the Lesson 1 vocabulary and the new grammar. To do a personalization activity that involves a simple craft activity.

#### Language and structures

**Active:** pen, pencil, backpack, desk, chair; What is it? It's a (book).

**Passive:** draw, sing, circle; What's your favorite school object?

#### Materials

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio; Craft Worksheet Unit 1 Lesson 2; colored pens

#### Warmer

 Play the chant from Unit 1 Lesson 1 page 7 10 07 for students to listen and join in as much as possible.

#### **TEACHING TIP**

Ask students to point to the classroom items on the flashcards as they say the chant.

#### 1 Listen and point. Say. 🕥 08

- Point to the picture and ask students the names of the course characters.
- Play the recording for students to listen. Then play it again and encourage students to repeat the grammar structure.
- Point to the book in the picture and ask What is it? Encourage students to reply It's a book. Hold up area book and repeat. Then hold up one is known classroom objects and as the question, encouraging students abound the class to answer.

#### Transcript Lucy: What is it? Jack: It's a book!

#### Listen and circle. Say. 🕥 09

Point to the pictures and ask students the words for each item. Help with any words that students struggle to remember, and reinforce them by pointing to those items in the classroom and naming them.

 Play the recording for students to listen and point to the items they hear. Then play the recording again, pausing after each item for students to circle the correct items.

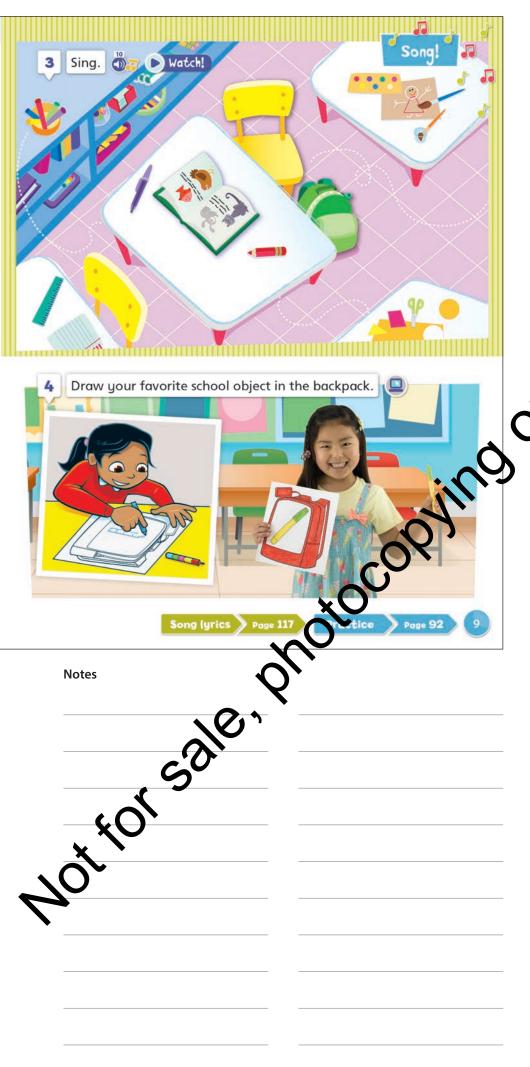


• Check answers by pointing to each pair of pictures and asking *What is it?* 

• Students can ask and answer questions about the items in the pictures, using *What is it? It's a (pencil)*.

#### Transcript

- 1 A: What is it?
- B: It's a backpack.2 A: What is it?
- B: It's a desk.
- 3 A: What is it?
- B: It's a pen.
- 4 A: What is it?
  - **B:** It's a pencil.



#### **3 Sing. ①** 10

- Play the song once for students to listen.
- Play the song again, modeling the actions and encouraging students to copy them.
- Play the song once more for students to join in and do the actions.

#### **At School Song**

What is it? It's a chair. A chair, a chair. What is it? It's a pen. A pen, a pen. What is it? It's a backpack. A backpack a backpack. In the classroom! In the classroom! What is it? It's a desk. A desk, a desk. What is it? It's a book. A book a book. What is it? It's a pencil. A pencil, a pencil. In the classroom! In the classroom!

#### 21<sup>ST</sup> CENTL RY CITLL

**Creativity and innovation** Students earn how to express ideas through music.

## Draw your favorite school object in the backpack.

- Point to the small picture and ask what the girl is doing (drawing a picture). Point to the girl's picture and ask What is it? Elicit the answer It's a pen. Tell students that the pen is the girl's favorite school object. Hold up a classroom object and hug it close to you, saying My favorite school object is my (backpack).
- Ask students around the class What's your favorite school object? Encourage students to choose and name an object.
- Hand out the craft worksheets and make sure students have colored pens.
- Students draw their favorite school objects in the outline of the bag, and then color the item and the bag. Move around the class as students draw, asking *What is it*? When students have finished, they can ask and answer questions about their pictures.

#### **TEACHING TIP**

With a less confident class, allow students to just name the item. With a more confident class, encourage them to produce the complete sentence *My favorite object is* ...

#### Finisher

• Play *Kim's game*. See Ideas Bank (Teacher's Book page 152) for instructions.

#### **Further practice**

Extra Practice Student Book page 92 Workbook page 5

### Lesson 3 pages 10–11

**Classroom Presentation Tool** 

#### **Objectives**

To present new vocabulary in the context of the story. To practice the new vocabulary using the grammar from Lesson 2. To practice a short Everyday English role play taken from the story.

#### Language and structures

Active: pencil case, ruler, crayon, picture, pen, book, pencil, backpack, desk, chair; What is it? It's a (pen), A crayon, please. OK. Thank you.

Passive: watch, act it out, repeat

#### **Materials**

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio; Storycards; Megabyte puppet

#### Warmer

 Play the At School Song from Unit 1 Lesson 2 page 9 10 for students to listen and join in with.

#### 1 Watch or listen. (1) 11 Act it out.

- Point to the first frame of the story and ask students who they can see in the picture. Point to known items (the pencils, the desk) and ask students to name them.
- Play the recording, encouraging students to point to the correct pictures as they listen.
- Play the recording again and use the questions to ask students about each frame.

Frame 1: Where are Lucy and Jack? (In the yard.) What are they doing? (Drawing.) Are they drawing with pens? (No, with pencils.) Are they happy? (Yes.)

Frame 2: Who's this? (Point to Megabyle.) What is it? (Point to Megabyle poencil case.) Are Lucy and Jack happy? (Yes.) Why? (Because Megabyte is the coal dog.)

Frame 3: What if Megabyte giving Lucy? (A ruler.) Does LucyWant a ruler? (Yes.) Frame 4: A www.nat is Megabyte giving Jack? (A chovon.) Does Jack want a crayon? (Yea Why is ne happy? (Because he can color

**France 5:** What is Lucy showing Megabyte? A picture.) What can you see in Lucy's picture? (Ice cream.) What can you see in Jack's picture? (Candy.) Is Megabyte happy? (Yes.) Why? (He likes ice cream and candy!)

Frame 6: What does Megabyte have? (Lucy's and Jack's pictures.) Are Lucy and Jack angry? (No.) What are Jack and Lucy doing? (Laughing.)



Allow students to talk about the story. Ask them how they think Megabyte is different from a normal dog.

- Alternatively, you can use the storycards to present the story. Hold up the cards while the recording plays and then ask students the questions on the back of the storycards.
- Divide the class into groups to act out the story. Allow students time to practice in their groups, then invite groups to act out the story for the class.

#### Story: Let's Draw!

Jack and Lucy: Hello, Megabyte! Megabyte: Hello! Jack: What is it, Megabyte? Megabyte: It's a pencil case. Lucy: Wow! Lucy: A ruler, please. Megabyte: OK. Lucy: Thank you! Jack: A crayon, please. Megabyte: OK. Jack: Thank you! Lucy: Look, Megabyte! It's a picture! Jack: Megabyte, stop! Megabyte: Thank you! Thank you! Jack and Lucy: Oh, Megabyte!

Further practice Workbook page 6



- items in the classroom or point to the flashcards/it sav the o repeat. words for students
- Play the recording for students to listen correct items in their / th e recording again for to listen, point, and repeat the

Idents which items they can see e story.

#### **Transcript**

ruler, pencil case, crayon, picture crayon, picture, pencil case, ruler

#### 3 Listen. Draw the way to school. **D** 13

• Point to the items in the picture and ask students to name them. Explain that the boy is collecting classroom objects on his way to school. Students need to

- students to draw the route.
- Check answers by asking students to trace the route in their books and name the items they pass.

#### Transcript

- A: What is it? A: What is it?
  - B: It's a ruler. **B:** It's a cravon.
- A: What is it? **B:** It's a picture.
- A: What is it? A: What is it?
- A: What is it?
- B: It's a pen. B: It's a pencil case.

B: It's a pencil.

### Lesson 4 page 12

**Classroom Presentation Tool** 

#### **Objectives**

To present a CLIL concept (Math). To practice the unit vocabulary and grammar through a CLIL concept. To talk about a value.

#### Language and structures

Active: in, out; The (pen) is in/out of the backpack. It's a (ruler).

**Passive:** check, X, make, play; What is it? We put away our things.

#### **Materials**

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio; CLIL stickers; Our Values sticker; pen; backpack; CLIL Worksheet Unit 1 Lesson 4; sets of classroom objects (pen, pencil, ruler, colored pen); scissors; glue

#### Warmer

 Play the Everyday English dialogue from Unit 1 Lesson 3 page 11 1 14 again.
Hold up one of the unit flashcards, making sure that students can't see it. Invite students to ask you for a classroom item using the Everyday English, e.g. A (crayon), please. If the item they ask for matches the flashcard, give it to them, saying OK and encourage them to say Thank you.

#### 1 Listen and stick. **1**5

- Hold up a pen, and then place it in a backpack. Say *The pen is in the backpack*.
  Take the pen out of the backpack and say *The pen is out of the backpack*.
  Repeat, stressing the words *in* and *out*
- Ask students to turn to the stickers section in the Student Book. Hold up your book and point to each of an CLL stickers in turn. Then say the words for students to point to the oppect stickers.
- Play the recording pausing after each item and asking students to point to the correct pictures on page 12.
  Play the recording again for students to listen and click the stickers in the correct paces on page 12.

Ask students to point to the stickers and nome the item. Then they say where it is.

#### Transcript

It's a pencil. It's in the pencil case. It's a crayon. It's in the pencil case. It's a ruler. It's out of the pencil case. It's a book. It's out of the pencil case.

## 2 Is it in the pencil case? Make a ✓ or an X.

• Point to each of the smaller pictures on the right and ask students to name the items.



Show students the check mark in the first box. Ask *Is the crayon in the pencil case?* Elicit the answer *Yes.* Make a check on the board and tell students that it means *Yes.* Point to the small picture of the book. Ask *Is the book in the pencil case?* Elicit the answer *No.* Draw an X on the board. Tell students that it means *No.* 

## 3 Listen and circle. What is it?16

- Point to the items in the pictures and ask students *What is it?* Ask students where each item is (in/out of the backpack / pencil case).
- Play the recording for students to listen and point to the items they hear. Then play the recording again, pausing after each item for students to circle it.

#### Transcript

A:	It's in the backpack.	B:	It's a ruler!
A:	It's out of the	B:	It's a book!
ba	ckpack.		
A:	It's in the pencil	B:	It's a pencil.
ca	se.		

## A: It's out of the B: pencil case.

#### **B:** It's a ruler.

#### 4 Make a pencil case. Play and say.

- Hand out the CLIL worksheets. Tell students that they are going to cut out and assemble a pencil case.
- Students take turns placing an item in the pencil case for their partner to guess.

#### **Our Values**

- Show the class the space for the Our Values sticker. Read aloud the value (We put away our things.).
- Ask students to show you how they put away / clean up their things. Congratulate students and award them the value sticker. They stick the sticker in the space on page 12.

#### Finisher

- Play *Hit the card*. See the Ideas Bank (Teacher's Book page 152) for instructions.
  - Further practice Workbook page 8



## Review page 13

**Classroom Presentation Tool** 

Objectives To review the linguistic so the the unit.

### Language and structures

Active: par, book, pencil, backpack, desk, char, rulh, pencil case, crayon, picture, What is it? It's a (book). The mayon) is in/out of the box.

di tionary; Is the (crayon) in the pencil holder? Is it a (book)? Where is the ruler?

#### Materials

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio; Craft Cut-out Unit 1 Review; ready-made pencil holder (optional); card stock; scissors; glue; colored pens

### Warmer

- Play *Mystery flashcard* with the Unit 1 flashcards. See the Ideas Bank (Teacher's Book page 152) for instructions.
- Play a game to practice *in* and *out*. Place a few classroom objects in a box and a few out of the box. Ask students to look at the items. Say a false sentence about one of the items (e.g. *The crayon is in the box*.). Students correct your sentence (e.g. *No! The crayon is out of the box*.).

#### 1 Match and say.

- Point to each of the silhouettes and ask students what each one is. Repeat with the row of pictures below.
- Ask students to point to the two chairs. Show the class the line connecting the two.
- Students complete the activity. Check answers by asking students to show you the connecting lines in their books.

#### **TEACHING TIP**

Students can turn their books around to help them identify the silhouettes.

#### **Fast finishers**

Ask fast finishers to draw a picture of their backpack and draw items in it. Ask them to tell the class what is in their bag.

#### 2 Make a pencil holder. Play and say.

- Point to the photo and ask what the boy has (a pencil holder). Show students a ready-made pencil holder and how they can put away their colored pens in it.
- Tell students they are going to make a pencil holder. Point to the pictures and ask students what they need to make one (card stock / paper sessors, glue, colored pens).
- Tell students to fain to page 133 in their Student Book. Model how to make a pencil holder by coloring the classroom object. Then have them fold the card lenge ways into three sections, with a tal on one of the out sections so that the sections can be stuck together to make a triangular tube. Cut tabs at the bottom of the card stock and fold them over, sticking them in place to make the bottom of the pencil holder.
- Make sure students have all the materials. Move around the class offering help if necessary. Ask students questions about their pencil holders, e.g. What is it? Is it a (book)? Is the pen in the pencil holder?
- Students can talk about their pencil holders in pairs, saying what items are in the pictures on their pencil holders, and what items are in their pencil holders.

#### 21<sup>ST</sup> CENTURY SKILLS:

#### Collaboration

Students learn how to participate in a craft and share ideas and resources.

## 3 Complete your picture dictionary.

- Tell students to turn to page 88 of their Student Books and look at the Picture Dictionary section for Unit 1.
- Point to each of the pictures and ask students the words.
- Students can then color the items in the Picture Dictionary. Move around the class as they work, asking questions, e.g. *What is it? Is it a (pencil)? Where is the (ruler)?*

#### Finisher

• Play *Pass the flashcards* with the Unit 1 flashcards. See Ideas Bank (Teacher's Book page 152) for instructions.

#### Further practice

Unit 1 Test in Teacher's Resources on Oxford English Hub Workbook page 9

## **Unit 2 Fun Colors**

Lesson 1 pages 14–15 **Classroom Presentation Tool** 

#### **Objectives**

To present and practice six new items of vocabulary. To review vocabulary from a previous unit.

#### Language and structures

Active: green, blue, yellow, white, black, red, yellow, blue, white, red, black, green, crayon; My favorite color is (blue).

**Passive:** Uncle Alex; What's your favorite color?

Extra: park, balloon, flag, bush

#### **Materials**

Unit 1 and 2 flashcards; Colors poster; Class Audio; Megabyte puppet; stickers section; colored pens

#### Warmer

• Play the At School Song from Unit 1 Lesson 2 page 9 🕥 10 to review the language from the previous unit. Encourage students to do the actions and join in as much as possible.

#### 1 Listen and point. Say. (1) 17

- Books closed. Introduce the colors using the Megabyte puppet and the flashcards or poster. Use Megabyte to hold up or point to each color and say the words for students to repeat.
- Books open. Play the recording for students to listen and point to the correct colored balloons in the picture. Play the recording again for students listen, point, and repeat the words.

#### **TEACHING TIP**

Zoom 1 Use real colored items in t to present the new wo

#### Transcript

yellow, blue, white, red, black, green w, black, white red, are



