Scope and sequence

Unit	Vocabulary	Grammar	CLIL	Value
Starter Unit The News Room	Lily, Charlie, Stella, Joe, Amy; Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday; news room.	What's your name? My name's (Charlie). I'm (Stella). What's her name? Her name's (Leila). What's his name? His name's (Matt).	· sisi	ioui
Sports News!	play tennis, skateboard, surf, play soccer, ride a bike, play basketball, play volleyball, play baseball, write stories, draw pictures, take photos, make videos, experiment, pulse, beat, second, minute, heart rate; Can you (surf)? I can (surf) very well. I can (surf) well. I can't (surf) at all.	Can she/he ride a bike? No, she/he can't. Yes, she/he can. Can you (dr (w pictures) Yes, I can No, I can't.	Science	We can all do sports! Find a new sport you can do!
2 It's Showtime!	dancer, acrobat, director, cleaner, reporte cartist secretary, builder, excited, bored, afraid, proud, circle, cartoon face, surprised, angry, mes. I think trey're (acrobats). Really? I don't think so. I hink they're (dancers). Yes, I think so, too.	Are they (dancers)? No, they aren't. They aren't (dancers). They're (reporters)! Are you (afraid)? Yes, I am. No, I'm not.	Art	Work together and be part of a team!
Culture 1	hockey, team, football, player			
Inthe	dolphin, whale, shark, seal, octopus, fish, seahorse, turtle, friendly, smart, shy, funny, habitat, shallow, deep, ocean floor, rock pools; What's next? Let's go and (see the seals) next.	This is a (fish). These are (seals). What's that? That's a (shark). What are those? Those are (whales).	Science	Respect nature! Take care of the ocean!

4 Scope and sequence

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Unit	Vocabulary	Grammar	CLIL	Value
Project 1 Land on Earth	Mountain, Valley, Volcano, Cave, Cliffs, Island			انار
At the Fun Run!	medal, backpack, water bottle, first aid kit, umbrella, cap, costume, money, aunt, uncle, cousins, friends, warm up, stretch, take a break, jog, muscles; Let's go to the (fun run)! What shall I bring? Bring a (water bottle) and (sandwiches).	Does she/he have a (water bottle)? Yes, she/he does. No, she/he doesn't. Do you have any brothers and sisters? Yes, I do. I have two brothers and a sister. Do you have any cousins? No, I don's.	Science	N's its portant to help people!
Culture 2 Out in the Wild!	rainforest, postcard, souvenirs, monster	6/11/1		
At the Fashion Show	dress, sandals, shirt, jestis, sneakers, scarf, kasinos, coat, sunglastes, gleves, watch, belt, trash can, recycle, snaat of, design; I love (pulple). Really: Sprefer (red).	(She) isn't wearing a (pink dress). (She)'s wearing a (blue dress). What's (he) wearing? (He)'s wearing (sunglasses).	Art	We are all different! Choose your own look!
Project 2 The Ocean	Crab, Jellyfish, Octopus, Shark, Corals, Starfish, Turtle			
At the Wildlife Club	read, eat, drink, sleep, build, watch, listen, walk, quarter to, o'clock, quarter past, thirty, season, spring, summer, fall, winter; What are you up to? I'm (at the club). I'm (watching TV).	They aren't (sleeping). They're (drinking). What time is it? It's quarter to (two).	Science	Help wildlife!

Unit	Vocabulary	Grammar	CLIL	Value
Culture 3 Shopping: New York Style!	shopping, fashion, parade, lunch			
The Open Day	math, science, art, PE, geography, music, English, history, pottery, drama, gymnastics, judo, Venn diagrams, groups, in common, rule; I'm good at (math). I'm not good at (PE).	He/She likes (art). He/She doesn't like (science). Does she/he like (gymnastics)? Yes, she/he does. No, she/he doesn't.	Math	Try hard se school!
Project 3 Earth's Climate	Hurricane, Wet, Lightening, Hail, Fog, Ice, Dry)	
Are You Hungry?	olives, tomatoes, onions, peppers, chili peppers, mushrooms, sausages, potatoes, bread, ham, butter, jelly, energy, vitamins, bones, building blocks, treats; We need (torratoes), please. Here you'are, Anything else? That's all thanks!	We held (peppers). We don't need (chili peppers). Do you need (ham)? Yes, I do. No, I don't.	Science	Remember to eat food from all the groups.
Culture 4 SummerCan	months, summer camp, crackers, marshmallows			
Cornival	samba band, feathers, street, float, parade			
CXvCmasEve	stockings, Santa, reindeer, Christmas Eve			

For more information about planning your classes, go to the *Shine On! Plus* Teacher's Resources on

Oxford English Hub

Unit 1 Sports News! Lesson 1 pages 6-7

Classroom Presentation Tool

Objectives

To present and practice eight new items of vocabulary.

Language and structures

Active: surf, play soccer, play basketball, play volleyball, ride a bike, skateboard, play baseball, play tennis; sports news

Review: I can (ride a bike). I can't (surf). **Extra:** surfboard, bat, racket, net

Materials

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio

Warmer

- Play the Shine On! Plus song from Starter Unit Lesson 1 (page 2) 01.
 Ask students to sing along and do the actions.
- Play Ladders. See Ideas bank (Teacher's Book page 173) for instructions. Ask teams of students to write ten sports or sport-related words, e.g., run, swim, dive, catch, etc.

1 Listen and repeat. **1** 07

- Put students into pairs. Ask them to look at the picture on pages 6–7. Which sports from the Warmer can they see? What other sports can they see? Ask Which sports do you watch?
- Introduce the new words using the flashcards. Place the flashcards on the board from left to right. Point to the flashcards and say the sports for students to repeat.
- Play the recording for students to listen and point to the words on pages 6–7.
 Play the recording again for sure to listen, point, and repeat the weed.

TEACHING TIP

In a less confident cass, ay the words twice as they are written on the page for students a point to and repeat. Then exect them in a random order.

If a more confident class, ask students to tax turns calling out a sport in a random order for the rest of the students to point to the correct word.

Transcript

surf, play soccer, play basketball, play volleyball, ride a bike, skateboard, play baseball, play tennis

2 Listen and number. 40 08

 Tell students they will hear the sports words. They must write the numbers 1–8 in the correct answer boxes.



Check students understand what they have to do. Point to the answer boxes. Ask How many boxes are there? (eight). Ask What do you need to write? Elicit a number. Ask Will you hear a word or a sentence? Elicit a word.

- Play the first part of the recording for students to listen and write the number 1 in the correct box (next to *play tennis*).
- Pause the recording and elicit the answer from the class. Ask Which sport is number 1? (play tennis).
- Play the remainder of the recording for students to write numbers 2–8. Pause after each item in a less confident class.
- Play the recording through again and ask students to check their answers in pairs.
- Go over answers with the class.

TEACHING TIP

In a more confident class, go over the answers as a chant. Say the number and the class says the sport.

Transcript

- 1 play tennis5 play volleyball
- 2 skateboard 6 ride a bike
- 3 surf7 play baseball
- 4 play soccer 8 play basketball

3 Write. Which sport can you do? Make a ✓.

- Books closed. Place the sports flashcards on the board. Point to a flashcard and use it in a sentence to demonstrate the task, e.g., *I can play tennis*. Make a ✓ next to the flashcard. Repeat with two or three more flashcards.
- Put students into pairs. Ask them to look at the flashcards and tell their partner which sports they can do, e.g., *I* can play soccer. *I* can surf, etc.
- Books open. Ask students to look at the pictures on page 7. Say *Write the sports here.* Refer students to the spelling on pages 6–7.
- In a less confident class, ask students to work in pairs. In a more confident class,



ask students to work independently. • They then check their answers in pairs.

- Go over answers with the class
- Ask Which sports can you'do? Ween check in the boxes of the spont you can do. Monitor and check that be class is doing this correct!

4 Tell your friend.

- Read the spired, bubble in activity 4 as a class of invite a confident student to read it a out.
- At students into pairs. Say *Tell your* partner which sports you can do. Which worts can't you do? The students tell their partners using sentences, e.g., *I* can play baseball. I can't skateboard, etc. Monitor and help throughout.
- Listen for any mistakes the class makes and correct them as a class afterwards, e.g., Is it "I no play tennis" or "I can't play tennis"? . . . It's "I can't play tennis."

21ST CENTURY SKILLS:

Communication Students use the vocabulary they have been learning in the lesson to exchange information about what they can do and can't do.

Extension activity

Do a class survey about the sports students can and can't do (or sports they like and don't like). Place the sports flashcards across the top of the board. Choose four sports if you don't have time to do all eight. Make two rows below with Can and Can't as headings. Invite each student to come to the board and make a \checkmark or an X next to the sports they can or can't do. Tell them to say I can or I can't as they do this. Once everyone has contributed, look at the results with the class. Which sport can most people do? Which sport can't a lot of people do? Which sport is most popular?

Mega Star: Write four sentences for each: I can ... I can't ...

- Ask students to take out their notebooks and to write four *l can* ... and four *l can't* ... sentences using the vocabulary from this lesson. Less able students can refer back to pages 6–7, while more able students should try to write from memory.
- Walk around the class as they work, helping as needed. Ask students to check their spelling.
- When they have finished, students should swap with a partner and check their work. How many a the sentences are the same?
- Students can give the melossa point for each correct sentence hey wrote and write their total of the box on page 129 of the Student Book.

Junior Crews ssignment

 Point a Sella's tablet and ask students to lay who they can see on it (Amy).
 Explain that Amy is giving the Junior Crew a new assignment.

Read aloud the speech bubble and ask students what they and the Junior Crew are going to learn about in this unit (sports).

Finisher

 Play Mime the word. See Ideas bank (Teacher's Book page 172) for instructions. Use the sports vocabulary from this lesson.

EXTRA VOCABULARY

basket basketball court bat net racket skateboard park soccer field

stadium surfboard tennis court

volleyball court

Notes			

Lesson 2 pages 8–9

Classroom Presentation Tool

Objectives

To present and practice a grammar structure in the context of a story. To review vocabulary from Lesson 1.

Language and structures

Active: *skateboard, surf, ride a bike, play* soccer, play basketball, play baseball, play volleyball, play tennis; Can she/he (ride a bike)? No, she/he can't. Yes, she/he can. She can (skateboard).

Review: Help! I have an idea! Look!

Materiais

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio

Warmer

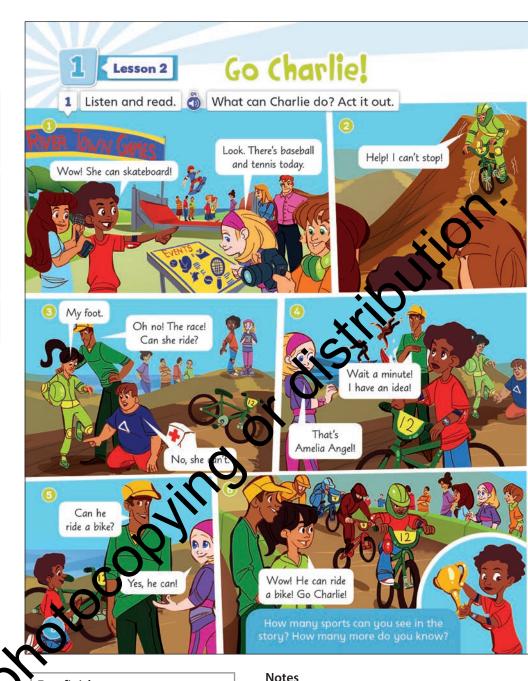
• Play Little by little with Lesson 1 flashcards to review sports vocabulary. See Ideas bank (Teacher's Book page 172) for instructions.

1 Listen and read. ① 09 What can Charlie do? Act it out.

- Point to the first frame of the story and ask students who they can see in the picture (Lily, Stella, Charlie, and Joe).
- Ask Where are they? Encourage the class to read the first frame to help them answer: at a sports park/center.
- Play the recording, encouraging students to point to the correct pictures as they listen.
- Play the recording again, pausing to ask students questions about each frame. 1 Which sports do Stella and Charlie mention? (skateboard, baseball, and tennis) What can the girl do? (She can skateboard.) 2 What is the girl doing? (riding a bike) What color is her (green) What number is he Can she stop? (No, she co (Amelia Angel) Who is the man wearing a yellow hat? (her coach) 5 Can Charlie e can.) 6 Who is in the s he the winner? (Yes!)
- reading question What can

ide the class into groups to act ut the story. Allow students time to practice in their groups. Then invite a few confident groups to act out their story for the class. Allow them to act with the recording if they need support.

Charlie can ride a bike.



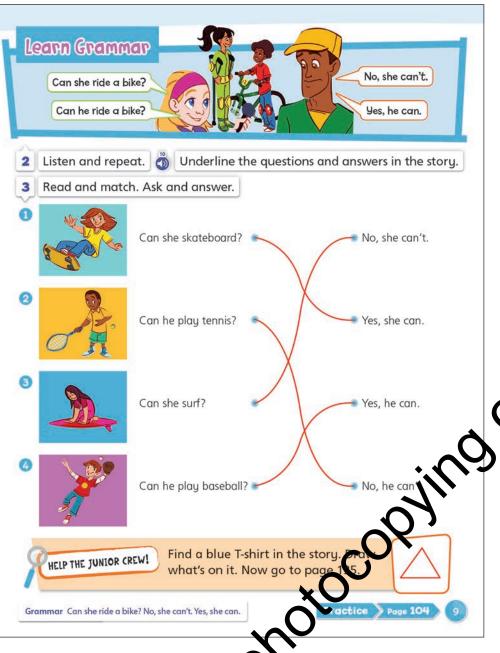
Fast finishers

Ask fast finishers to look at the pictures again and find the different sports shown in the story: skateboard, play baseball, play tennis, surf, and ride a bike. Put students into teams of three or four. Give them one minute to write as many other sports as they can.

Further practice

Workbook page 4

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_				
_				
_				



2 Listen and repeat. ① 10 Underline the questions and answers in the story.

- Point to the picture and ask succests to say the names of the characters stella, Charlie, Amelia Angel, the poscin.
- Play the recording of students to listen and read the sentence. Play it again and encourage students to repeat the gramma structure.
- Ask stricted or read the conversation with the spartner.
 - As Is Amelia Angel a boy or a girl? (a girl), Is Charlie a boy or a girl? (a boy). Remind students that we use she for a girl (e.g., Can she ride? No, she can't.) and he for a boy (Can he ride? Yes, he can.). Tell students this is how we ask a question about what someone else can do.
- Ask the class to find and underline these questions and answers in the story (see frames 3 and 5).

Transcript

Stella: Can she ride a bike?
Coach: No, she can't.
Stella: Can he ride a bike?
Coach: Yes, he can.

ANSWERS

Can she ride? No, she can't. (frame 3) Can he ride a bike? Yes, he can. (frame 5)

21ST CENTURY SKILLS:

Communication

Students analyze the structure of the new grammar they are studying in order to be able to manipulate it and use it correctly.

3 Read and match. Ask and answer.

- Tell students to look at the pictures in activity 3 and call out the sports, e.g., *skateboard, play tennis,* etc.
- Do number 1 together as a class. Ask the class to read the question aloud, e.g., *Can she skateboard?* Point to picture 1 and elicit *Yes, she can*. Ask the class to

- draw a line from number 1 to Yes, she can on the right.
- Ask students to match the remaining questions and answers.
- Go over the answers by asking Can he play tennis? to elicit the correct structure, No, he can't, etc.

Help the Junior Crew!

- Tell students there is a clue in every unit of *Shine On! Plus* to solve the secret message the Junior Crew received on page 4. This is their first clue. As students to find the blue T-shirt in the story and draw the same sylvibor that is on the T-shirt in the box to page 9.
- Ask students to find he word in the Junior Crew secret nessage on page 135. See How to a section (Teacher's Book page 27) for instructions.

ANSV'ER

Symbol. a triangle

Myste v Code word: Congratulations!

nishe

Play What card is missing? See Ideas bank (Teacher's Book page 172) for instructions. Use Unit 1 Lesson 1 flashcards.

Further practice

Extra Practice Student Book page 104 Vocabulary and Grammar Worksheet Unit 1 Lesson 2 in Teacher's Resources on Oxford English Hub Workbook page 5

Notes

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Lesson 3 pages 10–11



Classroom Presentation Tool

Objectives

To present and practice four new items of vocabulary in a listening text.

To review and expand on the grammar structure from Lesson 2.

To sing a song using the language from the unit.

Language and structures

Active: write stories, draw pictures, take photos, make videos; skateboard; Can you (draw pictures)? Yes, I can. No, I can't.

Review: rock climb

Materiais

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio

Warmer

• Play Watch my lips. See Ideas bank (Teacher's Book page 172) for instructions. Use Lesson 1 flashcards.

1 Listen and repeat. 1 What's your favorite activity?

- Introduce the new words using the flashcards. Place the flashcards on the board from left to right. Point to the flashcards and say the activities for students to repeat.
- Play the recording for students to listen and point to the words on page 10. Play the recording again for students to listen, point, and repeat the words.
- Point to the flashcards in a random order, eliciting the words for the activities. Repeat several times, getting faster and faster.
- Ask two or three confident students What's your favorite activity?

Transcript

write stories, draw p make videos

Extension activit

Put students into pairs and tell them the guestion What's vity? Invite two or three tstudents to report back to ss, e.g., I (write stories).

sten and number. 🐠 12 Listen gain and say the names.

- Ask students to look at the pictures in activity 2 and say what they see, e.g., write stories, draw pictures, etc.
- Tell students they will hear the new activity words in a short conversation. They must write the numbers 1–4 in the correct answer boxes when they hear the activity.



Check students' understand what they have to do. Point to the answer boxes. Ask How many boxes are there? (four). Ask What do you need to write? Elicit a

- Play the first part of the recording for students to listen and write the number 1 in the correct box (next to make videos).
- Pause the recording and elicit the answer from the class. Ask Which picture is number 1? (make videos).
- Play the remainder of the recording for students to write the numbers 2-4.

Transcript

- 1 A: Can he make videos?
 - **B:** Yes, he can.
- 2 A: Can he draw pictures?
 - **B:** Yes, he can.
- **3** A: Can she take photos?
 - **B:** Yes, she can.
- 4 A: Can she write stories?
 - **B:** Yes, she can.

3 Find, circle, and write.

- Point to the word snake. Tell the class that the four activities are hidden in it. They need to read the letters, find the words, and circle them. Refer students to the spelling in activity 1. Don't allow them to write yet.
- Go over the answers with the class. As you go over each word, ask students to write it in the space next to the correct number, e.g., What's number 1? (take photos). Say Yes! Write "take photos" for number 1.



4 Listen and repeat. **1**3

• Point to the picture and ask students to say the names of the characters (Amy and Charlie). Ask them what activities they can see (draw pictures and wake videos).

- Play the recording of students to listen and read the sentence? Play it again and encourage students to repeat the grammars. Volume.
- Ask so to nts to read the conversation with the partner.
 - Price the Lesson 3 flashcards on the bard. Point to an activity flashcard and sk a confident student, or the whole class (Silvia), Can you (take photos)? Elicit Yes, I can or No, I can't answers. Repeat with three or four more confident students.

Transcript

Amy: Charlie, can you draw pictures?

Charlie: Yes, I can!

Amy: Can you make videos? **Charlie:** No, I can't!

- Point to the pictures in activity 5. Elicit the activities, e.g., write stories, draw pictures, etc.
- Tell the class they will hear a conversation with Joe. They must make a ✓ for the activities Joe can do and make an ✗ for the activities he can't do. Make a ✓ and an ✗ on the board.
- Check students understand what they
 have to do. Ask Will you hear Joe talking?
 (Yes), What do you write for "Yes, I can"? (a
 check) What do you write for "No, I can't"?
 (an X)
- Play the first part of the recording and pause. Ask the class Can Joe write stories? Yes, he can! Tell students to make a. I.
- Play the remainder of the recording for students to make a ✓ or an ✗.
- Play the recording again for students to check their answers. Then go over answers with the class.

 Put students into pairs and tell them to ask and answer about the activities using Can you ...? and answering Yes, I can or No, I can't.

TEACHING TIP

In a less confident class, pause after each question and answer and ask students to check their answers in pairs. In a more confident class, play the recording through and ask the class to check their answers afterwards in pairs.

Transcript

Charlie: Joe, can you write stork Joe: Yes, I can. Charlie: Can you draw a cturks? Joe: No, I can't. Charlie: Can you stake photos? Joe: Yes, I cap. Charlie: Can you stake videos?

6 List and sing. 15

- Tell students to look at the pictures and ask what activities they can see. Ask them if they think the people in the pictures are good at these activities. Ask Can she surf? and elicit No, she can't.
- Play the *Let's Make a Video* song and ask the class to read the lyrics as they listen.
- Create actions for the song as a class.
 For example, nod your head for Yes, I can and shake your head for No, I can't.
 Students can also mime the actions in the song, for example, holding a video camera up to their eye for make a video, pedaling for ride a bike, etc.
- Play the song again for students to sing and do the actions.

21ST CENTURY SKILLS:

Creativity and innovation

Students express themselves through music and mime.

Finisher

 Play Musical flashcards. See Ideas bank (Teacher's Book page 172) for instructions. Use all Unit 1 flashcards and the Let's Make a Video song from this lesson 15.

Further practice

Extra Practice Student Book page 105 Vocabulary and Grammar Worksheet Unit 1 Lesson 3 in Teacher's Resources on Oxford English Hub Workbook page 6

Lesson 4 page 12



Classroom Presentation Tool

Objectives

To present a CLIL concept (Science). To practice the linguistic content of the unit through a CLIL concept.

Language and structures

Active: experiment, pulse, take your pulse, brain, heart, beats, heart rate, math, seconds, minute; Can you (count the beats)?

Review: arm, run, foot, finger, eye, clock, same, different

Materials

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio; CLIL Worksheet Unit 1 Lesson 4, a clock or stopwatch

Warmer

 Play Find the flashcards. See Ideas bank (Teacher's Book page 172) for instructions

1 Look. Which picture is the text about?

- Point to the pictures in activity 1. Ask the class to point to the eye, arm, heart, and brain (eye and arm should be review, heart and brain will be new vocabulary). Write these four words next to the corresponding part of the body on the board.
- Ask the class to look at the pictures in activity 2. Ask them Which picture do you think the text is about: eye, arm, heart, or
- Elicit ideas but do not confirm the answer yet.

ANSWER

The text is about picture 3: the

2 Read and listen.

- Tell the class to rea text in activity 2 a neir ideas
- Play the re ng through. Check anding and ask again the text about? (the heart).
- words pulse, seconds, heart nd minutes on the board. Play the tording again, pausing as necessary o clarify the meaning of the words. Encourage the class to feel for their pulse with their fingers. Show students a clock, put two fingers on your pulse, and mark the beats out loud.

3 Read and correct the mistakes.

Books closed. Write the first sentence from activity 3 on the board. Ask Is this correct? (No), What's the mistake? (foot), What's correct? (arm) Correct the



mistake on the board by crossing out foot and writing arm.

- Books open. Show students number 1 and the example answer. Ask them to read sentences 2-4 and correct the mistakes
- Go over answers with the class or asking confident pairs.

4 Do the Pulse Rate Experiment.

- Hand out the CLIL worksheet. Tell the class they are going to do the pulse rate experiment.
- Point to a class clock or use a stopwatch. Say Let's count 15 seconds. Count as a class.
- Read the text aloud as a class and follow the instructions, i.e., Put your fingers on your arm to find the beat. Count the beat for 15 seconds. Write the number and do the math to calculate your heart rate.
- Ask students to do the math in pairs and write their heart rate on the worksheet. Ask Is your pulse and your friend's pulse the same?

- Ask the class to stand up and run on the spot for two minutes. Time them.
- Repeat the experiment, asking the students to jump for two minutes and then dance for two minutes. Remind them to check their heart rate after each activity and record it on their worksheets.
- Ask students to compare their recorded heart rates for each activity. Are they the same or different?

21STCENTURY SKILLS:

Information literacy

Students collect data by measuring their resting heart rate and comparing it to their heart rate after exercise.

Finisher

• Play Guess the flashcard. See Ideas bank (Teacher's Book page 172) for instructions.

Further practice Workbook page 7



Lesson 5 page 13

Classroom Presentation Tool

Objectives To review the linguistic content of the unit through a listening text. To develop listening text. To practice even day English expressions.

Language and structures

Active: Can you (surf)? Yes, I can. No Nane. I can surf very well / well. I can't (s rf) at all.

Review: brother, sister

Materials

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio; colored pencils/pens, sports magazines

Warmer

 Play Guess the flashcard. See Ideas bank (Teacher's Book page 172) for instructions.

- Books closed. Tell students they are going to listen to an interview.
- Play the recording once through. Ask the class *Who is the interview about? (a brother and a sister)*.
- Books open. Check the A brother and a sister box (Jay and Holly).

Transcript

Interviewer: This is Jay Jones. Jay and his sister love sports! In fact, they are a famous family. The whole family loves sports. Welcome Jay!

Jay: Hello!

Interviewer: Hi, Jay. Are you playing a lot of sports this year?

Jay: Yes, I am. My sister Holly is, too. We love sports!

Interviewer: Tell me about your sister, Holly. Can she play volleyball?

Jay: Yes, she can. She can play very well. She's on the school team.

Interviewer: Can she skateboard? **Jay:** Well ... Yes, she can. She can

skateboard well. But I'm better!
Interviewer: And can she play baseball?
Jay: No, she can't. She can't play baseball at all!

Interviewer: OK and can she surf?

Jay: Yes, she can! She can surf very well!

Interviewer: Yes, of course she can! You
both can. Jay and Holly are surf stars!

Thanks

Jay and good luck this year with your sports teams.

2 Listen again and make a or an X. Ask and answer about Holls.

- Point to the picture of Holly and saw This
 is Holly, Jay's sister. Tell students to listen
 to the recording again and make a ✓ or
 an X next to the Spons Holly can and
 can't do.
- Play the recording gain. Students listen and make a spran X.

3 Lister and repeat. 18

Play the recording for students to listen.
Then play it again, pausing after each
the for students to repeat the phrases.

Transcript

A: Can you surf?

B: Yes, I can. I can surf very well.

C: Yes, I can. I can surf well.

D: No, I can't. I can't surf at all.

4 Act it out.

- Place the Unit 1 flashcards on the walls around the room and elicit the sports and activities.
- Put students into small groups of two or three students. Ask the groups to stand up near a flashcard. They take turns asking and answering using the everyday English expressions and sports or activities, e.g., Can you (take photos)? Yes, I can. I can (take photos very well).

5 Make a Sports Hero poster. Ask and answer with a friend.

- Show the class some pictures of famous sports people and ask *Who is it? What can he/she do very well?*
- Ask students to make a poster of their sports hero.

21ST CENTURY SKILLS:

Communication

Students interact using the expressions and vocabulary they have been studying to exchange information about their sports heroes.

Finisher

 Play Change places using flashcards from Unit 1. See Ideas bank (Teacher's Book page 172) for instructions.

Further practice Workbook page 8

Lesson 6 page 14

Classroom Presentation Tool

Objectives

To review the linguistic content of the unit through a reading text.

To develop reading for specific information.

To talk about a value.

Language and structures

Active: interview, BMX superstar, skateboard, play tennis, surf, BMX champion; Can you (surf)? I can (surf) very well. I can (skateboard) well. I can't (play tennis) at all. Yes, I can. No, I can't.

Review: How are you? Fine, thank you.

Materials

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio

Warmer

 Play Yes or No. See Ideas bank (Teacher's Book page 173) for instructions.

1 Read and listen. 19 What's Amelia's favorite sport?

- Point to the picture and ask the class who they can see (Stella and Amelia Angel).
- Ask the class to read the heading of the text. Ask What do you think Amelia's favorite sport is? Take their ideas but don't give the answer yet.
- Ask the class to read and listen to the text to see if they were correct. Play the recording.
- Put students into pairs to take turns asking and answering what their favorite sport is, e.g., What's your favorit sport? My favorite sport is surfing.

TEACHING TIP

Check that the class knows BMXing is.



Amelia's favorite sport BMXing.

Our Value

 Ask as onlident student to read aloud the Our values text.

Discuss the value. Ask the class, Why is it pood to do sports? What sports can you do? What sports can't you do? Is there a sport you want to try? Take answers from the class.

2 What can Amelia do? Read again and make a ✓, an X, or write? for don't know.

 Look at the pictures in activity 2 and ask the class to call out the sports they can see, e.g., surf, play basketball, ride a bike, etc.



Ask the class to read the text again. This time they need to make a \checkmark below the sports Amelia can do, make an \checkmark next to the sports she can't do, and write a question mark if they don't know.

- Ask students to do this independently and check their answers in pairs.
- Go over answers, asking confident pairs of students, e.g., *She can surf*, etc.

3 What sport can you try? Go to the Values chart on page 134.

- Ask students to turn to page 134 in their Student Books to find the Values chart. Ask them to read the Unit 1 Value: What sport can you try?
- Put students into pairs and ask them to talk about a sport they would like to try. Encourage them to say where they can do it, e.g., I can ride a (BMX) bike at the park. When they have finished, ask them to write the sport in the space next to the value. They then color in the stars according to how interested they are in trying the sport from 1 for not very up to 5 for very.

21ST CENTURY SKILLS:

Initiative and self-direction

Students think about a new sport they would like to try and then put a plan in place in order to be able to go and try it out.

Finisher

Play Bingo! using flashcards from Unit
 See Ideas bank (Teacher's Book page
 173) for instructions.

Culture note

BMX stands for "bicycle motocross". The sport involves riding a special bike on rough tracks or over obstacles. The riders often perform tricks. The world record for the biggest number of "bunny hops" on a bicycle is 73 in 30 seconds and is held by Alberto Limatore from Italy.

Further practice

Extra Practice Student Book page 105 Workbook page 9



Review page 15

Classroom Presentation Tool

Objectives

To review the linguistic the unit.

Language and structures

Active: skateh: ard, surf, ride a bike, play tenn(pl v socter, play baseball, play basketo: ll, play volleyball; write stories, www.pictures, take photos, make videos; San. she/he (ride a bike)? Yes, she/he can. No she/he can't. She can (skateboard). Can you (draw pictures)? Yes, I can. No, I can't. Can you (surf)? I can (surf) very well. I can (skateboard) well. I can't (play tennis) at all.

Materials

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio; a ball

Warmer

 Play Sharkman. See Ideas bank (Teacher's Book page 173) for instructions. Use Unit 1 vocabulary. Leave the spelling on the board.

1 Complete the puzzle. Who is it?

- Ask students to look at the pictures and say the sports that they can see.
- Point to number 1. Ask What sport can you see? Elicit play soccer. Say Yes. Write "play soccer" next to number 1 in the puzzle. Refer students to the spelling on the board from the Warmer.
- In a less confident class, repeat with two or more examples.
- Ask students to complete the puzzle, in pairs in a less confident class and independently in a more confident class. Monitor and help throughout.
- Go over answers with the class.
- Tell the class there is a secret word in the puzzle. The highlighted letters in 1–6 spell out a *Shine On! Plus* character's name. Ask *Who is it? (Stella)*.

2 Write the words in order. Answer using Yes, I can. or No, I can't.

- Books closed. Do number 1 as a class on the board. Write tennis? play you Can in this order on the board. Say Put the words in the correct order. Do this together in a less confident class or ask a pair of confident students to come to the front and do it on the board (Can you play tennis?).
- Ask two or three confident students in the class, Can you play tennis? Elicit Yes can or No, I can't answers.
- Books open. Point to number Sa, Write the words in the correct order. Then answer "Yes, I can" or "No. Le m"t
- In a less confident class, ask students to work in pairs. In a more confident class, ask students of work independently and then check beir answers in pairs.
- Go aver answers with pairs of students.
 One asks the question and the other answer, e.g., Can you surf? Yes, I can., etc.

Nast finishers

Put fast finishers into pairs and ask them to take turns asking and answering the questions. Encourage students to say how well they can do the sports using very well / well and not at all.

3 What can Joe do? Look and write.

- Tell the class they are going to decipher the code. Look at the grid and tell students that each of the symbols relates to a letter.
- Ask students to work in pairs and to use the letters they already have to solve the code.
- Ask What does the message say?
- Go over answers by asking a confident pair to write the message on the board. The rest of the class watches and checks to see if they are correct.

21ST CENTURY SKILLS:

Critical thinking and problem solving

Students decode data to find a solution to a problem.

Finisher

 Play True or False. See Ideas bank (Teacher's Book page 173) for instructions. Use a rolled-up piece of paper if you do not have a ball.

Further practice

Unit 1 Test in Teacher's Resources on Oxford English Hub

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