## Scope and sequence




| Unit | Vocabulary | Grammar | CLIL | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PicnicTime! | chicken, rice, pasta, milk, salad, cheese, ice cream, fries, water, candy, grass, store; <br> What's wrong? I feel sick! | I like (salad)! I don't like (cheese). | Science | We choose healthy food. |
| Numbers Everywhere! | eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, trampoline, hula hoop, jump rope, skateboard, block, graph, students; <br> You can do it! | I have (eleven) <br> (shoes)! <br> I don't have <br> (eleven) (shoes). <br> How many ... ? | Math |  |
| culture 4 Lunch at School | school lunch, banana, sandwich, packed lunch |  |  |  |
| Mother's Day | hug, cookies, flowers breakfast |  |  |  |
| Halloween |  |  |  |  |

For more informatio
ut planning your classes, go to the Shine On! Plus Teacher's


Unit 1 Happy Birthday!
Lesson 1 papes $6-7$
Classroom Presentation Tool

## Objectives

To present and practice six new items of vocabulary
To review vocabulary from a previous unit.

## Language and structures

Active: balloon, clown, candles, present, card, cake; bike

Passive: listen, point, say, stick, stickers, chant, find it, picture dictionary
Extra: watering can, hose, cup, pot

## Materials

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio; Megabyte puppet; stickers section; colored pens

## Warmer

- Play the Shine On! Plus song from Starter Unit page 2 (1) 01 for students to listen and join in as much as possible.


## 1 Listen and point. Say. (1) 07

- Books closed. Introduce the new words using the Megabyte puppet and the flashcards. Place the flashcards on the board. Use Megabyte to point to the flashcards and say the words for students to repeat (see How to section on using puppets, Teacher's Book page 33).
- Books open. Play the recording for students to listen and point to the items in the picture. Play the recording again for students to listen, point, and repe the words.
Extra activity
Ask students who are sitting
to take turns coming to frot and
holding Megabyte. Sas a The
student touches the lash
with the pupp and suy the word. The
lown, candles, present, card, cake ent, balloon, candles, clown, cake
- Ask students to turn to the stickers section in the Student Book. Hold up your book and point to each of the birthday object stickers in turn. Encourage students to say the words. Then say the words for students to point to the correct stickers.
- Students stick the stickers in the correct spaces on page 7 . When they have

finished, ask students to point to the stickers and say the words.


## Fast finishers

Ask fast finishers to count the different birthday objects in the main picture and write the correct number next to them (cards (3), presents (6), candles (8), balloons (4), clown (1), and cakes (1)).

## 3 Chant. (1) 08

- Play the chant for students to listen and point to the birthday objects in their Student Books.
- Place the flashcards on the walls around the room. Play the chant again for students to join in, stand, and point to the correct flashcard when it is mentioned.


## Chant

cake, cake, cake
present, present, present
card, card, card
candles, candles, candles
balloon, balloon, balloon
clown, clown, clown
EXTRA VOCABULARY:
bowling pin
car
cup
doorbell
hose
house
sandbox
table
watering can
window

## Further practice

 Vocabulary and Grammar Works Unit 1 Lesson 1 in Teacher's Rosou Oxford English Hub
$-$
$\qquad$ objects in different colon.

Be a Mega Star: Close your book. Draw the objects in different color Say, e.g. It's a red balloon.

- Ask students to close the bor an take out their notebook
try to remember t draw a picture of each
y) $y^{1}$ ing to . $w$ words and ne in a different color.
- Wa laski class as students work his? What color is it? If they ca remember all six items, they work with a partner to remember Missing ones. When students have shed, they should tell their partner about their pictures, saying, e.g. It's a blue present. You can also ask some students to present their pictures to the class.
Tip Remind students to use an instead of a before orange.
- Congratulate students for the items they remembered and explain that making their own pictures and
associating objects with colors can help them to remember new words.


## Find it!

- Point to Lucy's tablet and ask students what they can see (a bike). Ask students to find a bike in the main picture. (It's next to the balloons.)
- Tell students to turn to the Picture Dictionary for Unit 1 (Student Book page 88) and find a bike. Ask students to color the bike in the Picture Dictionary the same colors as the main artwork on Student Book page 7.


## 215T CENTURY SKILLS:

## Information literacy

Students work with their Picture Dictionary to keep a clear and organized record of new vocabulary.

## Finisher

- Play Mystery flashcard. See Ideas Bank (Teacher's Book page 152) for instructions.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


## Lesson 2 <br> pages 8-9

Classroom Presentation Tool

## Objectives

To present a new grammar structure.
To practice the new grammar structure with the Lesson 1 vocabulary.
To sing a song using the Lesson 1 vocabulary and the new grammar.
To do a personalization activity that involves a simple craft activity.

## Language and structures

Active: birthday objects; There's a (present)! There are (five) (cards).
Passive: read, count, check, sing, make, friend; Happy birthday!

## Materials

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio; Craft Worksheet Unit 1 Lesson 2; colored pens, scissors, glue

## Warmer

- Play the chant from Unit 1 Lesson 1 page 7 (1) 08 for students to listen and join in.
- Place the birthday objects flashcards around the room and ask students to point to the objects as they say the chant.


## 1 Listen and read. Say. (1) 09

- Point to the picture and ask students to say the names of the course characters.
- Play the recording for students to listen. Then play it again and encourage students to repeat the grammar structure.
- Point to the present in the picture an ask How many presents? Encourage students to reply, One. Praise students and repeat the structure Exce ery
There's a present. The stude s.at.
- Point to the cards in th $P$ tur and ask How many cards? to count. Praise th structure Excent
 (9) students d repeat the are five cards.


## 2 Count na nake a $\checkmark A$ or $B$. Listena.adsheck. (4) 10

- sint to the two pictures. Place the flashcard on the board and How many clowns in Picture A? ncourage students to answer There are two clowns. Ask How many clowns in Picture B? Elicit There's a clown.
- Write Picture A and Picture B at the top of the board as in the Student Book. Write two clowns on the board and say There are two clowns, Picture A or Picture B? Students respond, Picture A. Draw a check under A on the board and show students the example in the Student Book.


1 Listen and read. Say.

## Learn with lucy oud Jack



2 Count and make a $\sqrt{ } \boldsymbol{A}$ or $\boldsymbol{B}$. Listen and check.

eight presents

three cards
 ten balloons

a cake


Work through the remaining objects.
Students check the correct boxes in their Student Books.

- Play the recording for students to listen and check their answers. Pause the recording after each sentence and ask students to repeat the structure.


## Transcript

1 There are two clowns. Picture A
2 There's a candle. Picture B
3 There are eight presents. Picture A
4 There are three cards. Picture A
5 There are ten balloons. Picture B
6 There's a cake. Picture A


4 Make a card for your friend. Say. ©


3 Sing. (1) 11

- Play the Happy Birthday! song once for students to listen.


Happy Birthday!
There's a clown, a clown at the party. There's a cake, a cake at the party. There are candles, candles at the party. Happy birthday! Happy birthday! Let's twist, let's twist at the party. Let's stamp, let's stamp at the party. Everyone shout Hooray! Happy birthday! Happy birthday!

- When the class is ready, students stand and say There are (eight) candles. Happy birthday! They give their card to their partner. Their partner says, Thank you.

Finisher

- Play Pass the flashcards. See Ideas Bank (Teacher's Book page 152) for instructions.

Further practice
Extra Practice Student Book page 92
Workbook page 5

## Notes

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
here are presents, presents at the party.
There are cards, cards at the party. There are big, big balloons at the party. Happy birthday! Happy birthday!
Let's twist, let's twist at the party.
Let's stamp, let's stamp at the party.
Everyone shout Hooray!
Happy birthday! Happy birthday!

## 21 ${ }^{\text {sT}}$ CENTURY SKILLS:

## Creativity and innovation

Students learn how to express ideas through music.

## 4 Make a card for your friend. Say.

- Tell students that they are going to cut out and make a birthday card for their partner.
- Put students into pairs. Make sure each student has scissors, glue, and colored pens.
- Students cut out the card and the correct number of candles for their partner's age. They color the card.


## Lesson 3 pages $10-11$

Classroom Presentation Tool

## Objectives

To present new vocabulary in the context of the story.
To practice the new vocabulary using the grammar from Lesson 2.
To practice a short Everyday English role play taken from the story.
To talk about a value.

## Language and structures

Active: robot, basketball, puzzle, car; How old are you? I'm (eight). Me, too!
Passive: Look! watch, act it out, write, repeat; We make new friends!

## Materials

Unit 1 flashcards; Class Audio;
Megabyte puppet; Our Values sticker

## Warmer

- Play the Happy Birthday! song from Unit 1 Lesson 2 page 9 (1) 11 for students to listen and join in.


## 1 Watch or listen. (2) 12 Act it out.

- Point to the first frame of the story and ask students who they can see in the picture (Jack, Lucy, and Megabyte). Point to Ellie in the second frame and ask the class if they can remember who she is. Point to known items (balloons, presents, cake, candle) and ask students to name them.
- Play the recording. Encourage students to point to the correct pictures as they listen.
- Play the recording again and ask students questions about each frame Frame 1: What can Megabyte see? (A balloon.) What can Lucy an
hear? (Music.) Frame 2: What does El e? Presents and a cake.) Why?
Frame 3: Where tree.) What is Mie holaing? (A cat.) Frame
 es Megabyte do? e table.)
m Why does Jack say sorry? Megabyte frightens Ellie.) ame 6: How do the children feel? (They I happy.)
Allow students to talk about the story. Do they think the children will be friends?
- Divide the class into groups to act out the story. Allow students time to practice in their groups. Then invite groups to act out the story for the class.



## 3 Find, count, and write. Say.

- Point to the picture in the Student Book and ask students what they can see. Point to the robot at the bottom of the picture. Say Find the robots. Ask How many robots? Elicit There's a robot. Say Write one.
- Repeat the process for basketball, puzzle, and car. Students write the number of items in the boxes. With a more confident class, allow students to work independently.
- Check answers by inviting confident students to come up and write the answers on the board next to the relevant flashcard.

2 Listen and point. Say. (13)




4 Listen and repeat. (17) 14

- Play the recording for students to listen. Then play it again, pausing after each
line for students to reper th
5 Act it out.
- Model the dialogy the Megabyte pur confident strents.
- Ask stud ra tand. Play some music. walk around the room. sic. Students turn to the next to them and act out the nge. Repeat.
students they can use this
exchange whenever they make a new friend.


## Our Values

- Show the class the space for the Our Values sticker. Read out the value (We make new friends!) Tell students that it is good to welcome new people when you meet them.

Tell students they worked well with different classmates today. Congratulate students and award them with the Our Values sticker to stick in the space on page 11.

## 215TCENTURY SKILLS:

Leadership and responsibility
Students learn the value of welcoming newcomers into a group and the advantages of working well in a team.

## Finisher

- Play Find the flashcards. See Ideas Bank (Teacher's Book page 152) for instructions.


## Further practice

Extra Practice Student Book page 93 Vocabulary and Grammar Worksheet Unit 1 Lesson 3 in Teacher's Resources on Oxford English Hub
Workbook pages 6-7
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ 0
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson 4 page 12

Classroom Presentation Tool

## Objectives

To present a CLIL concept (Math).
To practice the unit vocabulary and grammar through a CLIL concept.

## Language and structures

Active: sides, the same, different, robot, teddy bear, basketball, bike, balloon, kite, pencil, present
Passive: draw, make a chain

## Materials

Unit 1 and Starter Unit flashcards; Class Audio; CLIL stickers; CLIL Worksheet Unit 1 Lesson 4; scissors, colored pens, sticky tape, ball (optional)

## Warmer

- Play Little by little. See Ideas Bank (Teacher's Book page 152) for instructions. Use the flashcards from Unit 1 and the Starter Unit.


## 1 Listen and point. (12) 15 Stick.

- Point to pictures $1-4$ in the Student Book. Play the recording. Pause after each item and ask students to point to the correct pictures on page 12.
- Ask students to turn to the stickers section in the Student Book. Hold up your book and point to each of the CLIL stickers in turn. Encourage students to name the items.
- Play the recording again for students to listen and stick the stickers in the correct spaces on page 12.


## Transcript

1 There's a robot. The two sides are the
same.
2 There's a teddy bear. The
different.
3 There's a basketball. Th
the same.
4 There's a bike. The
different. different.

e same or
2 Poictad
differe

- 2plain the meaning of same and
p
k students to point to the toys that have two sides the same (the robot and the basketball). Elicit same. Ask students to point to the two toys that have sides that are different (the teddy bear and the bike). Elicit different.


## 3 Draw. Make the sides the same.

- Draw one half of a present on the board. Ask What is it? Say Draw the sides the same. Draw the other half of the present.


## Stick.

2 Point and say the same or different.

(2)


3 Draw. Make the sides the same.


4 chain of robots. Point and say.


Point to the four pictures in the Student Book and elicit the words (balloon, kite, pencil, present).

- Say Draw the sides the same. Move around the room monitoring and offering help.
- When the class is ready, point to each picture and chant as a class The two sides are the same.


## 4 Make a chain of robots. Point and say.

- Play Simon Says to review parts of the body. See Ideas Bank (Teacher's Book page 153) for instructions. Tell students to act like robots, making jerky, robotic movements. Use a robot voice to give instructions.
- Hand out CLIL worksheets. Point to the robot half and ask What is it? A robot!
- Go through the instruction pictures together. Check that students understand which lines are fold lines and which lines are cut lines. Demonstrate how to fold the strip
along the dotted lines and only cut the robot once. Unfold the paper chain.
- When students have cut out the chain and unfolded it, point to a robot. Hold it up and say Look at the two sides. Ask Same or different? Same!
- Allow students time to color their robots. Move around the room asking students about their pictures: What is it? A robot. What is it? The head. What color is it?
- Make a big chain of robots and display it on the classroom wall. Invite students to come to the front and stick their robots together using tape.


## Finisher

- Play Hit the card! with the Unit 1 and Starter Unit flashcards. See Ideas Bank (Teacher's Book page 152) for instructions. Use a rolled up piece of paper if you don't have a ball.


## Further practice

Workbook page 8


- Play Memory game. See Ideas Bank (Teacher's Book page 153) for instructions.

Unit 2 What Weather!
Lesson 1 pages 14-15
Classroom Presentation Tool

## Objectives

To present and practice six new items of vocabulary.
To review vocabulary from a previous unit.

## Language and structures

Active: stormy, snowy, windy, cloudy, rainy, sunny; present
Passive: weather
Extra: dome, stroller, snowman, Frisbee

## Materials

Unit 1, 2 and Starter Unit flashcards; Class Audio; Megabyte puppet; stickers section; colored pens

## Warmer

- Play Which one is missing? See Ideas Bank (Teacher's Book page 152) for instructions. Use 10 flashcards from the Starter Unit and Unit 1 and the alphabet poster to review the alphabet, numbers, and birthday vocabulary.

1 Listen and point. Say. (12) 16

- Books closed. Introduce the new words using the Megabyte puppet and the flashcards. Place the flashcards on the board. Use Megabyte to point to the flashcards and say the words for students to repeat.
- Books open. Play the recording for students to listen and point to the items in the picture. Play the recording again for students to listen, point, and repe the words.
 Transcript storm rainy, , cloudy, rainy, sunny sunny, stormy, cloudy


## CENTURY SKILLS:

## Munication

lents learn to describe the weather oral and written form.

## 2 WhatWeather! Lesson 1

1 Listen and point. Say. (16)


## Stick.

- Ask students to turn to the stickers section in the Student Book. Hold up your book and point to each of the weather stickers in turn. Encourage students to say the words. Then say the words for students to point to the correct stickers.
- Students stick the stickers in the correct spaces on page 15 . When they have finished, ask students to point to the stickers and say the words.


## Extra activity

With a less confident class, ask students to turn to their sticker page. Call out a weather word, e.g. sunny. Students point to the correct sticker and say the word, checking with their partner. They stick the sticker in the correct place in their Student Books and repeat the word, sunny. Repeat with the remaining words.

